

# ENGINEERING DATA

## STROMBERG-CARLSON NO. 585 RADIO RECEIVERS

STROMBERG-CARLSON TELEPHONE MANUFACTURING COMPANY  
ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

### IDENTIFICATION TABLE

| Model | Input Power Frequency | Chassis | Cabinet | Speaker                        |
|-------|-----------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------------|
| 585-M | 50-60 Cycles          | 32711   | 31088   | 31087 (Bass)<br>31126 (Treble) |

### SPECIFICATIONS

|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Tuning Ranges  | { Frequency Modulation 42 to 50 Mc. (42,000 to 50,000 Kc.)<br>Shortwave 5.8 to 18 Mc. (5800 to 18,000 Kc.)<br>Standard Broadcast .54 to 1.7 Mc. (540 to 1700 Kc.) |  |
| Voltage Rating   | 105 to 125 Volts  |  |
| Type of Circuit  | Superheterodyne with Electric Tuning  |  |
| Number and Type of Tubes—19                              |   |  |
| 1—6SK7 R. F. Amplifier (A. M.)                           | 1—6R7 Audio Amplifier   |  |
| 1—6AB7 R. F. Amplifier (F. M.)                           | 1—6H6 Demodulator (F. M.)   |  |
| 1—6F8G Tuning Indicator Amplifier                        | 1—6C8G Audio Inverter   |  |
| 2—6SA7 Oscillator and Modulator                          | 2—6L6 Power Output  |  |
| 1—6K7 I. F. Amplifier                                    | 1—6H6 Tuning Indicator Rectifier  |  |
| 3—6SK7 I. F. Amplifiers (F. M.)                          | 1—5Z3 Rectifier   |  |
| 1—6H6 Demodulator, A. V. C., "Q"                         | 1—6AF6G Tuning Indicator  |  |
| 1—6SJ7 Limiter   |   |  |
| Input Power Rating                                       | 225 Watts   |  |
| Intermediate Frequency                                   | { 455 Kilocycles (Amplitude Modulation)<br>4.3 Megacycles (Frequency Modulation)  |  |
| Speaker Field Coil Resistance—Approximately              | { 1125 Ohms (Bass)<br>200 Ohms (Treble)   |  |
| Speaker Voice Coil Impedance at 400 Cycles—Approximately | { 24 Ohms (Bass)<br>11 Ohms (Treble)  |  |

### FEATURES

**GENERAL.** This is a nineteen-tube, three gang, three range receiver designed for the reception of both amplitude and frequency modulated stations and is equipped with a dual coaxial speaker system. It is capable of reproducing without distortion an audio frequency range of at least 10,000 cycles.

The chassis is of the fortified type with bails provided for ease in handling and servicing. Automatic tuning is accomplished by means of a motor drive controlled by a commutator and brush assembly and the dial is of the slide rule type, edge-lighted for clear visibility without glare. Separate treble and bass controls are provided to make accurate adjustment of the tone possible.

A remote control unit is provided with this receiver which enables the user to operate the receiver at a remote point.

The power output of this receiver is excellent and the tone quality and fidelity of reproduction is finer than anything produced commercially to date.

**FREQUENCY MODULATION:** The "Armstrong Wide-Swing Frequency Modulation System" used in this receiver is an outstanding development in radio. It makes possible:

1. Static-Free Reception;  
Both natural and man-made static is virtually eliminated.
2. Noise free reception;  
The tube and set noises present in ordinary amplitude modulation receivers are virtually eliminated.
3. Extreme high fidelity reception;  
Noise free reproduction of an audio range limited only by the capacity of the human ear or the audio system of the receiver is possible without interference.
4. Interference free reception;  
Two stations cannot be received at the same time.

This system is patented and Stromberg-Carlson manufactures these receivers under an Armstrong license. The Federal Communications Commission has established 40 channels between 42 and 50 megacycles for frequency modulated transmitting stations. Since this is a comparatively high frequency, the distance over which reception is possible is limited. It should also be noted that the fidelity may be limited by telephone lines, or by program transcriptions, although this condition will, undoubtedly, be improved as time goes on.

**SPEAKER SYSTEM.** A coaxial dual speaker system is used in this receiver. The low frequency speaker owes much of its effectiveness to the unusually large field structure with a subsequently increased magnetic flux in the air gap. The treble speaker with its back completely enclosed is mounted directly in front of the bass speaker; both speakers are connected by means of a frequency dividing network to the receiver at an impedance of 24 ohms. The Acoustical Labyrinth is used in conjunction with this speaker system and the complete system is capable of providing a relatively even response to all tones from 65 to more than 10,000 cycles per second.

**SPECIAL CIRCUITS.** A tuning indicator having two apertures is used with this receiver. For tuning stations on the standard broadcast and short-wave range, one aperture is for strong signals and the other for weak signals. One aperture will close with a signal of approximately 100,000 microvolts and the other will not close even with a two volt signal. Stations on the frequency modulation range should be tuned for maximum closing of both apertures.

Iron core coils are used in the broadcast and short-wave ranges to provide greater accuracy of alignment. The audio system employs a special inverter push-pull circuit designed to provide excellent fidelity, and the chassis is thoroughly shielded throughout with an electro-statically shielded power transformer.

**AUTOMATIC TUNING.** Twelve push buttons are provided from right to left; their operation is as follows:

1. Manual Control
2. Remote Control
- 3-9. Pre-set Stations (7)
10. Television Sound
11. Phonograph
12. "Off" Switch

Pushing any button (except the "off" button) turns the set on and tuning is accomplished by means of an electric motor, driving the regular variable capacitor to a pre-set point.

Set up is very easily accomplished by means of a switch which causes the pilot light to go out when the brush is properly located.

**REMOTE CONTROL.** Remote selection of stations is accomplished by simply plugging the remote control unit into the socket provided on the back of the chassis. This unit enables the user to select any one of eight favorite stations which have been previously set up on the electric tuning system of the receiver.

**PHONOGRAPH OPERATION.** A jack is provided on the back of the chassis into which a record player may be plugged and a push button is provided on the front of the chassis for switching from "Radio" to "Phonograph".

**TELEVISION.** A socket is provided on the back of the chassis into which a television receiver may be plugged and a push button is provided on the front of the chassis for switching to television so that the audio amplifier and speaker system employed in this receiver are available for use with television receivers designed for this type of sound reproduction.

## ACCESSORIES

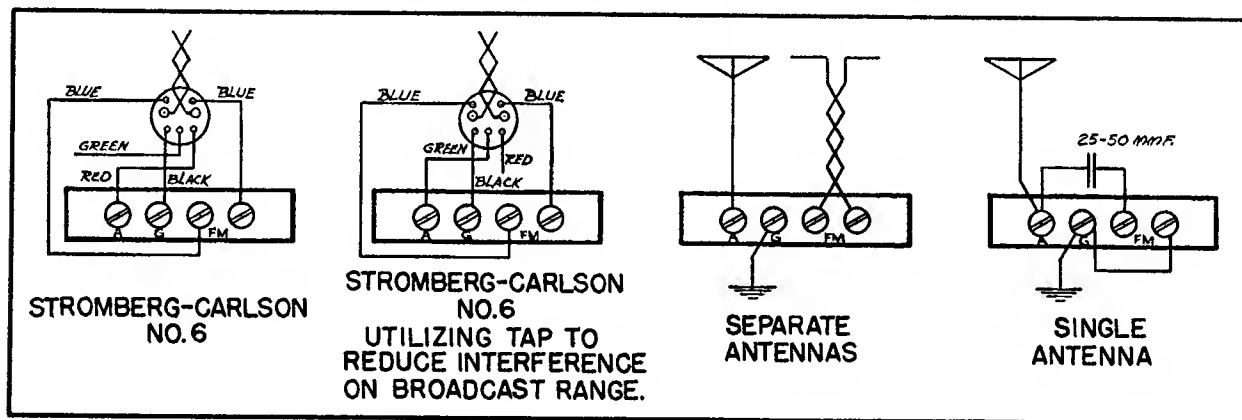
**ANTENNA.** For best results use a Stromberg-Carlson No. 6 Antenna. This antenna is designed to provide improved pick-up on both the amplitude and frequency modulation bands.

If it is desired, two ordinary antennas may be used, one for amplitude modulation, which should be a straight wire "L" type antenna about 75 feet long, and one for frequency modulation. This latter antenna may be a straight wire about 40 feet in length or of the dipole type with two arms approximately

5½ feet in length. The dipole antenna will exhibit a marked directional effect and should be erected as high as possible above the ground and adjusted so as to receive the desired frequency modulated stations with best results.

For average reception, a single straight wire antenna may be used for both amplitude and frequency modulation.

The various types of antennas should be connected to the No. 480 Receiver as follows:



**PLAYING RECORDS.** To obtain the best quality of phonograph reproduction a Stromberg-Carlson record player is recommended. They are designed for use with this receiver, and all that is necessary is to connect the record player to the single prong socket provided in the chassis and proceed to operate. The volume and tone may be controlled with the controls at the receiver, or (if such is provided) the volume control on the record player may be used.

A low impedance pick-up may also be used, but a matching transformer must be placed between the phonograph pick-up and the chassis.

**HEADSET ATTACHMENT.** Headphones can be very simply attached to this receiver. Ask for Pc. No. 28303 Headset Package Assembly, which comes complete with headphones and installation instructions.

**CARE OF CABINET.** The finish of Stromberg-Carlson Cabinets should be protected by using Stromberg-Carlson Cabinet Polish regularly. It is available in pint cans, designated as Pc. No. 28601.

Nicks and scratches of most kinds can be repaired quickly and easily by proper use of the Pc. No. 26962 Touch-Up Kit. Complete instructions are provided with each kit.

## ALIGNING INFORMATION

### NEVER REALIGN UNLESS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY

**GENERAL.** All aligning adjustments are carefully made at the factory with special equipment which is designed for aligning frequency modulation receivers. The limitations of commercial oscillographs and other ordinary test equipment are such that alignment should not be attempted in the field unless absolutely necessary.

If alignment is attempted, it will not be successful

unless the instructions which follow are adhered to exactly.

The following equipment will be required:

1. Standard signal generator with sweep circuit.
2. Wide band sweep signal generator.
3. Oscillograph.
4. Microammeter "0" to 200 Microamps.



4. Set the attenuator on the standard signal generator for maximum output.
5. Adjust the primary of the discriminator transformer for maximum reading on the center "0" microammeter.
6. Connect the center "0" microammeter and the .5 megohm resistor in series with it across the whole discriminator load. (Terminal No. 4 of the 6H6 Demodulator tube and ground).
7. Adjust the secondary of the discriminator transformer for center "0" reading of the microammeter.
8. Vary the frequency of the standard signal generator slightly and be sure that the center "0" microammeter reads the same on each side of resonance. If not, go back and realign both primary and secondary.

#### IV. Radio frequency adjustments (Frequency Modulation)

1. Set the signal generator frequency and the receiver tuning dial to 48.5 megacycles).
2. Replace the 0.1 microfarad capacitor in series with the output lead from the signal generator with a 100 ohm resistor and connect it to the F. M. antenna terminal nearest to the end of the antenna and ground terminal strip.
3. Connect the ground lead to the other F. M. terminal on the antenna and ground terminal strip.
4. Adjust the oscillator shunt aligner for maximum signal.
5. Adjust the R. F. and antenna aligners for maximum signal on the "0" to 200 microammeter maintaining the center "0" microammeter at "0" at all times by rotating the receiver dial slightly back and forth.
6. Remove both meters from the circuits and resolder the 10000 ohm resistor R94 in its original position to terminal No. 4 on the fourth I. F. transformer.

#### V. Intermediate frequency adjustments (Amplitude Modulation)

Adjustment of second I. F. transformer.

1. Set the range switch to standard broadcast position.
2. Set the fidelity control in the center or "sharp" position and turn the volume control "full on".
3. Connect the oscillograph to the high side of the volume control R47.
4. Replace the 100 ohm resistor in series with the output lead from the signal generator with a 0.1 microfarad capacitor and connect it to the grid cap of the 6K7 I. F. tube. (Do not remove the grid cap from this tube.)
5. Connect the ground terminal of the signal generator to the ground terminal of the receiver.
6. Introduce a modulated signal of 455 kilocycles to the grid of the 6K7 I. F. tube.
7. Adjust the second I. F. transformer aligners for a symmetrical curve on the oscillograph in the following order:
  - a. Secondary of second I. F. transformer.
  - b. Primary of second I. F. transformer.
8. Set the fidelity control to the high fidelity (expanded) position and readjust the primary of the second I. F. transformer for symmetrical curve.
9. Set the fidelity control back to the center or "sharp" position.

Adjustment of first I. F. transformer.

1. Connect the output lead from the signal generator with the 0.1 microfarad capacitor in series with it to the grid of the 6SA7 Modulator Tube. (Terminal No. 8.)
2. Adjust the first I. F. transformer aligners for a symmetrical curve on the oscillograph in the following order:
  - a. Secondary of first I. F. transformer.
  - b. Primary of first I. F. transformer.
3. After the Amplitude Modulation I. F. adjustments have been completed, the fidelity control should be turned to the high fidelity position and a check made on the shape of the curve which should show a slight double peak.
4. Turn the fidelity control back to middle or "sharp" position.
5. Remove the oscillograph from the circuit.

#### VI. Radio frequency adjustments (Amplitude Modulation)

Short Wave Range (C Band)

1. Replace the 0.1 microfarad capacitor in series with the output lead of the signal generator with a 400 ohm resistor and connect it to the Amplitude Modulation antenna terminal on the back of the chassis.
2. Set the range switch to the short-wave range position (C Band).
3. Set the signal generator frequency and the receiver tuning dial to 6 megacycles.
4. Adjust the 6 megacycle "oscillator" and "antenna" iron cores for maximum signal.
5. Set the signal generator and the receiver tuning dial to 17 megacycles.
6. Adjust the 17 megacycles "oscillator" and "antenna" aligning capacitors for maximum signal.
7. Repeat operations 3 and 4.
8. Repeat operations 5 and 6.

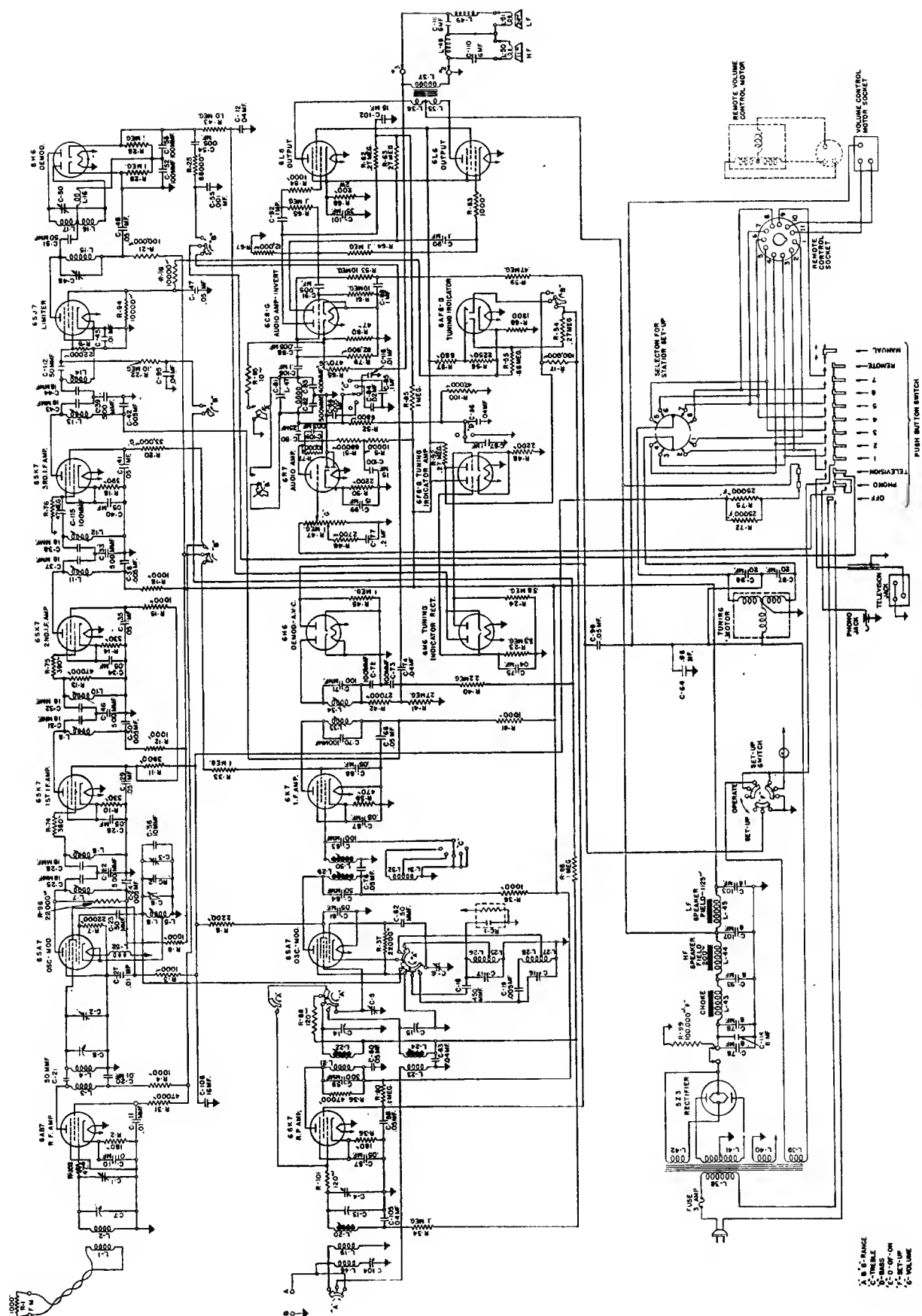
Standard Broadcast Range (A Band)

1. Replace the 400 ohm resistor in series with the output lead of the signal generator with a 200 micro-microfarad capacitor.
2. Set the range switch to the standard broadcast range (A Band).
3. Set the signal generator frequency and the receiver tuning dial to 600 kilocycles.
4. Adjust the 600 kilocycle "oscillator", "R. F." and "Antenna" iron cores for maximum signal.
5. Set the signal generator frequency and the receiver tuning dial to 1500 kilocycles.
6. Adjust the 1500 kilocycle "oscillator", "R. F." and "Antenna" aligning capacitors for maximum signal.
7. Repeat operations 3 and 4.
8. Repeat operations 5 and 6.

#### VII. Wave trap adjustment. (Leave the receiver connected in the same manner as when adjusting the standard broadcast range) (A Band).

1. Set the receiver's tuning dial to 1000 kilocycles.
2. Set the signal generator frequency to 455 kilocycles and introduce a fairly strong modulated signal to the receiver.
3. Adjust the wave trap aligner for minimum signal.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not go back and touch up any adjustments previously made. If the receiver is not in proper alignment after completing the adjustments outlined above, go back and start over again and follow the instructions through to the finish.



Schematic Diagram



## ADJUSTING DIAL LAMP

The dial on this receiver is edge-lighted, and for proper illumination it is **very important** that the dial light be adjusted so that the filament is exactly opposite the edge of the glass.

To make this adjustment simply slide the pilot light socket back and forth on its mounting bracket until maximum illumination is obtained.

## NORMAL VOLTAGE READINGS

Take all voltage readings with chassis operating and tuned manually to 1000 kilocycles or 48 megacycles—no signal.

The upper figures shown in the table are with the range switch set to the standard broadcast range and tuned to approximately 1000 kilocycles—no signal.

The lower figures shown in the table are with the range switch set to the frequency modulation position and tuned to approximately 48 megacycles—no signal.

Use a line voltage of 125 volts or make allowance for any slight variation.

Use a good high resistance voltmeter having a resistance of at least 1000 ohms per volt. Take all D. C. readings on the 500 volt scale except when an asterisk appears. Read from indicated terminals to chassis base. See location chart on Page 3 for position of terminals.

A. C. voltages are indicated by italics.

| Tube  | Circuit                       | Range Switch Set To | Cap | TERMINALS OF SOCKETS |            |            |       |      |      |            |       |
|-------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----|----------------------|------------|------------|-------|------|------|------------|-------|
|       |                               |                     |     | 1                    | 2          | 3          | 4     | 5    | 6    | 7          | 8     |
| 6AB7  | R. F. Amp. (F. M.)            | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +1*        | —     | +1*  | +68  | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +3*        | —     | +3*  | +135 | <i>6.5</i> | +265  |
| 6SA7  | Mod. and Osc. (F. M.)         | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +290       | +70   | —    | 0    | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +280       | +120  | —    | 0    | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
| 6SK7  | 1st I. F. Amp. (F. M.)        | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +2*        | —     | +2*  | +70  | <i>6.5</i> | +290  |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +4*        | —     | +4*  | +110 | <i>6.5</i> | +265  |
| 6SK7  | 2nd I. F. Amp. (F. M.)        | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +2*        | —     | +2*  | +55  | <i>6.5</i> | +290  |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +3*        | —     | +3*  | +90  | <i>6.5</i> | +270  |
| 6SK7  | 3rd I. F. Amp. (F. M.)        | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | 0          | —     | 0    | 0    | <i>6.5</i> | +285  |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +6*        | —     | +6*  | +150 | <i>6.5</i> | +260  |
| 6SJ7  | Limiter (F. M.)               | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | 0          | —     | 0    | +95  | <i>6.5</i> | +95   |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | 0          | —     | 0    | +90  | <i>6.5</i> | +95   |
| 6H6   | Demod. (F. M.)                | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | —          | —     | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | —          | —     | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
| 6H6   | Tun. Ind. Rect. (F. M.)       | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | —          | —     | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | —     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | —          | —     | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | —     |
| 6F8G  | Tun. Ind. Amp. (F. M.)        | A. M.               | 0   | 0                    | 0          | +295       | +11** | —    | +200 | <i>6.5</i> | +11** |
|       |                               | F. M.               | 0   | 0                    | 0          | +275       | +10** | —    | +185 | <i>6.5</i> | +10** |
| 6SK7  | R. F. Amp. (A. M.)            | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +2*        | —     | +2*  | +90  | <i>6.5</i> | +290  |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +2*        | —     | +2*  | +80  | <i>6.5</i> | +275  |
| 6SA7  | Mod. and Osc. (A. M.)         | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +290       | +70   | —    | 0    | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +275       | +135  | —    | +100 | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
| 6K7   | I. F. Amp. (A. M.)            | A. M.               | 0   | 0                    | 0          | +285       | +115  | +4*  | +290 | <i>6.5</i> | +4*   |
|       |                               | F. M.               | 0   | 0                    | 0          | +260       | 0     | 0    | 0    | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
| 6H6   | Demod., A. V. C., "Q" (A. M.) | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | —          | 0     | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | —          | 0     | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
| 6R7   | Audio Amp.                    | A. M.               | 0   | 0                    | 0          | +90        | 0     | 0    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | +3*   |
|       |                               | F. M.               | 0   | 0                    | 0          | +85        | 0     | 0    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | +3*   |
| 6C8G  | Audio Inv.                    | A. M.               | 0   | 0                    | 0          | +35        | —     | —    | +35  | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | 0   | 0                    | 0          | +35        | —     | —    | +35  | <i>6.5</i> | 0     |
| 6L6   | Output                        | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +415       | +290  | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | +20** |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +410       | +275  | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | +20** |
| 6L6   | Output                        | A. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +415       | +290  | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | +20** |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | 0                    | 0          | +410       | +275  | —    | —    | <i>6.5</i> | +20** |
| 5Z3   | Rectifier                     | A. M.               | —   | +495                 | <i>480</i> | <i>480</i> | +495  | —    | —    | <i>5</i>   | —     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | +495                 | <i>480</i> | <i>480</i> | +495  | —    | —    | <i>5</i>   | —     |
| 6AF6G | Tun. Ind.                     | A. M.               | —   | —                    | 0          | +65        | +90   | +250 | —    | <i>6.5</i> | +95   |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | —                    | 0          | +60        | +185  | +235 | —    | <i>6.5</i> | +90   |
|       | Speaker Socket                | A. M.               | —   | +290                 | 0          | 0          | +495  | +495 | +486 | +425       | —     |
|       |                               | F. M.               | —   | +275                 | 0          | 0          | +495  | +495 | +486 | +420       | —     |

\*Read on lowest possible scale of voltmeter.

\*\*Read on 100 volt scale of voltmeter.



## CONTINUITY TEST

Remove all tubes and disconnect the receiver from the power supply before making continuity test.

Test speaker socket with speaker left out.

Leave speaker plug in socket for all other tests. (If a speaker is not available when checking continuity the speaker socket may be shorted by using two pieces of bus wire and shorting together terminals 1, 6 and 7 and terminals 4 and 5 of the speaker socket. (See location chart on Page 3 for position and numbering of terminals.) Caution: Be sure to remove the two shorting wires when the continuity test is completed.

Use a good meter capable of measuring up to several megohms.

The resistances given are often approximate owing to electrolytic capacitors in the circuit. When this is the case, be sure to reverse the test leads and read the highest resistance.

Read from indicated terminals to chassis base unless otherwise specified.

See location chart on Page 3 for position and numbering of terminals.

| TERMINALS OF SOCKETS |                               |            |               |             |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |               |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| <i>Tube</i>          | <i>Circuit</i>                | <i>Cap</i> | 1             | 2           | 3               | 4               | 5               | 6               | 7               | 8             |
| 6AB7                 | R. F. Amp. (F. M.)            | —          | S             | S           | 180 $\Omega$    | S               | 180 $\Omega$    | A               | S               | O             |
| 6SA7                 | Osc. and Mod. (F. M.)         | —          | S             | S           | 6000 $\Omega$   | A               | 22000 $\Omega$  | S               | S               | S             |
| 6SK7                 | 1st I. F. Amp. (F. M.)        | —          | S             | S           | 330 $\Omega$    | 390 $\Omega$    | 330 $\Omega$    | B               | S               | 6000 $\Omega$ |
| 6SK7                 | 2nd I. F. Amp. (F. M.)        | —          | S             | S           | 330 $\Omega$    | 390 $\Omega$    | 330 $\Omega$    | C               | S               | 6000 $\Omega$ |
| 6SK7                 | 3rd I. F. Amp. (F. M.)        | —          | S             | S           | 390 $\Omega$    | 470000 $\Omega$ | 390 $\Omega$    | D               | S               | 5000 $\Omega$ |
| 6SJ7                 | Limiter (F. M.)               | —          | S             | S           | S               | 57000 $\Omega$  | S               | 1900 $\Omega$   | S               | 1900 $\Omega$ |
| 6H6                  | Demod. (F. M.)                | —          | S             | S           | 100000 $\Omega$ | 200000 $\Omega$ | 100000 $\Omega$ | 1M              | S               | S             |
| 6H6                  | Tun. Ind. Rect. (F. M.)       | —          | S             | S           | 1M              | 2.4M            | 2.4M            | O               | S               | 1M            |
| 6F8G                 | Tun. Ind. Amp. (F. M.)        | 1M         | S             | S           | 5000 $\Omega$   | 2000 $\Omega$   | 1M              | 150000 $\Omega$ | S               | 2200 $\Omega$ |
| 6SK7                 | R. F. Amp. (A. M.)            | —          | S             | S           | 180 $\Omega$    | F               | 180 $\Omega$    | 90000 $\Omega$  | S               | 5000 $\Omega$ |
| 6SA7                 | Osc. and Mod. (A. M.)         | —          | S             | S           | 6000 $\Omega$   | G               | 22000 $\Omega$  | H               | S               | I             |
| 6K7                  | I. F. Amp. (A. M.)            | 7 $\Omega$ | S             | S           | 5000 $\Omega$   | J               | 470 $\Omega$    | K               | S               | 470 $\Omega$  |
| 6H6                  | Demod., A. V. C., "Q" (A. M.) | —          | S             | S           | 300000 $\Omega$ | S               | 900000 $\Omega$ | 500000 $\Omega$ | S               | S             |
| 6R7                  | Audio Amp.                    | 1M         | S             | S           | 100000 $\Omega$ | S               | S               | 1.5M            | S               | 2200 $\Omega$ |
| 6C8G                 | Audio Inv.                    | 1M         | S             | S           | 350000 $\Omega$ | 47 $\Omega$     | 10M             | 350000 $\Omega$ | S               | S             |
| 6L6                  | Output                        | —          | S             | S           | 5000 $\Omega$   | 5000 $\Omega$   | 150000 $\Omega$ | 150000 $\Omega$ | S               | 200 $\Omega$  |
| 6L6                  | Output                        | —          | S             | S           | 5000 $\Omega$   | 5000 $\Omega$   | 150000 $\Omega$ | 150000 $\Omega$ | S               | 200 $\Omega$  |
| 5Z3                  | Rectifier                     | —          | 5000 $\Omega$ | 30 $\Omega$ | 30 $\Omega$     | 5000 $\Omega$   | —               | —               | —               | —             |
| 6AF6G                | Tun. Ind.                     | —          | O             | S           | 200000 $\Omega$ | L               | 4200 $\Omega$   | O               | S               | 1900 $\Omega$ |
| —                    | Speaker Socket                | —          | 5000 $\Omega$ | S           | S               | O               | 90000 $\Omega$  | 90000 $\Omega$  | 300000 $\Omega$ | —             |

Symbols used on chart are as follows:  $\Omega$ —ohms; M—megohms; S—short; O—open.

- A. Push in any "Pre-set Station" Button ..... 18,000 Ohms  
 Push in "Phono" Button ..... 300,000 Ohms  
 Push in "Television" Button ..... 300,000 Ohms
- B. Push in any "Pre-set Station" Button ..... 20,000 Ohms  
 Push in "Phono" Button ..... 400,000 Ohms  
 Push in "Television" Button ..... 400,000 Ohms
- C. Push in any "Pre-set Station" Button ..... 30,000 Ohms  
 Push in "Phono" Button ..... 400,000 Ohms  
 Push in "Television" Button ..... 400,000 Ohms
- D. Range switch in standard broadcast position ..... "Open"  
 Range switch in short-wave position ..... "Open"  
 Range switch in frequency modulation position ..... 38,000 Ohms

- E. "Q" Switch "On"  
 Range switch in standard broadcast position ..... "Open"  
 Range switch in short-wave position ..... "Open"  
 Range switch in frequency modulation position ..... 1 Megohm
- "Q" Switch "Off"  
 Range switch in standard broadcast, short-wave and frequency modulation positions ..... "Short"  
 Set up switch in "Set up" position ..... "Short"  
 Set up switch in "Operate" position ..... 1 Megohm
- F. Range switch in standard broadcast position ..... 3 Megohms  
 Range switch in short-wave position ..... 3 Megohms  
 Range switch in frequency modulation position ..... 550,000 Ohms



|    |   |              |                                 |  |              |
|----|---|--------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------|
| G. | Push in any "Pre-set Station" Button          |              | L.                              | Range switch in standard broadcast position  | 900,000 Ohms |
|    | Push in "Phono" Button                        | 20,000 Ohms  |                                 | Range switch in short-wave position  | 900,000 Ohms |
|    | Push in "Television" Button                   | 400,000 Ohms |                                 | Range switch in frequency modulation position  | 1.5 Megohms  |
| H. | Range switch in standard broadcast position   | "Short"      | Other tests not shown on chart— |  |              |
|    | Range switch in short-wave position           | "Short"      |                                 | Phono jack to chassis base   |              |
|    | Range switch in frequency modulation position | "Open"       |                                 | Push in "Phono" button   | 1 Megohm     |
| I. | Range switch in standard broadcast position   | 3.5 Megohms  |                                 | Push in any "Pre-set" Station button   | "Open"       |
|    | Range switch in short-wave position           | 3.5 Megohms  |                                 | Television jack to chassis base  |              |
|    | Range switch in frequency modulation position | "Open"       |                                 | Terminal No. 1 (this is the terminal located nearest to the bottom of the chassis) Push in "Television" button | 1 Megohm     |
| J. | Range switch in standard broadcast position   | 100,000 Ohms |                                 | Terminal Nos. 2 and 3  | "Short"      |
|    | Range switch in short-wave position           | 100,000 Ohms |                                 | Amplitude Modulation Antenna Terminal to chassis base  | "Short"      |
|    | Range switch in frequency modulation position | "Open"       |                                 | Amplitude Modulation Ground Terminal to chassis base   | "Short"      |
| K. | Range switch in standard broadcast position   | 5,000 Ohms   |                                 | Frequency Modulation Terminals to chassis base   | "Open"       |
|    | Range switch in short-wave position           | 5,000 Ohms   |                                 | Between Frequency Modulation Terminals   | 1,000 Ohms   |
|    | Range switch in frequency modulation position | "Open"       |                                 | Terminals of A. C. Plug to chassis base  | "Open"       |
|    |   |              |                                 | Between terminals of A. C. Plug—   |              |
|    |   |              |                                 | Push in "Off" button   | "Open"       |
|    |   |              |                                 | Push in any other button   | 1.5 Ohms     |

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SETTING UP PUSH BUTTONS

**IMPORTANT:** The stations selected should be local or favorite stations which give good reception at all times. Frequency Modulated Stations, as well as Amplitude Modulation Stations, may be set up on the push buttons by simply using the appropriate button determined by the position of the Frequency Modulated Station on the dial.

Set up stations in the daytime to avoid unnecessary interference.

Allow the set to run for about twenty minutes before setting up stations.

Always use the tuning indicator unit when setting up stations in order to determine when the station is exactly in tune.

Seven stations may be set up for push buttons located on the front of the receiver and eight stations may be set up on the remote control unit. The same seven stations which were set up for the buttons on the front of the receiver must also be used on the remote control unit and the eighth station which is chosen for the remote control unit must be of a lower frequency than any of the other stations which have been set up.

1. Put the call letters of the selected stations in place above the push buttons. The stations should be arranged according to frequency with the highest

frequency at the right and the lowest frequency at the left, just as on the dial. (The call letters will be found inside the envelope stapled inside or underneath the cabinet).

2. Remove the metal escutcheon and transparent strip from the remote control unit. Put the station call letters in place so that the station having the highest frequency is nearest to the volume control buttons and then in successive order according to frequency. Replace the metal escutcheon, transparent strip and three screws. (The call letters for the remote control unit are included in the P-31424 Remote Control Package Assembly.)
3. Set the "Treble" control in normal position.
4. Turn the set-up switch (located on the base just back of the brush and commutator assembly) to the set-up position. (The slot in the screw should point toward "set-up").
5. Push the button of the highest frequency station to be set up (button No. 3) and then tune in that station manually. Be sure the station is exactly "in tune" by tuning carefully and watching the cathode ray indicator.
6. Slide the brush to which the blue wire is connected until it is over the slot in the commutator. Then

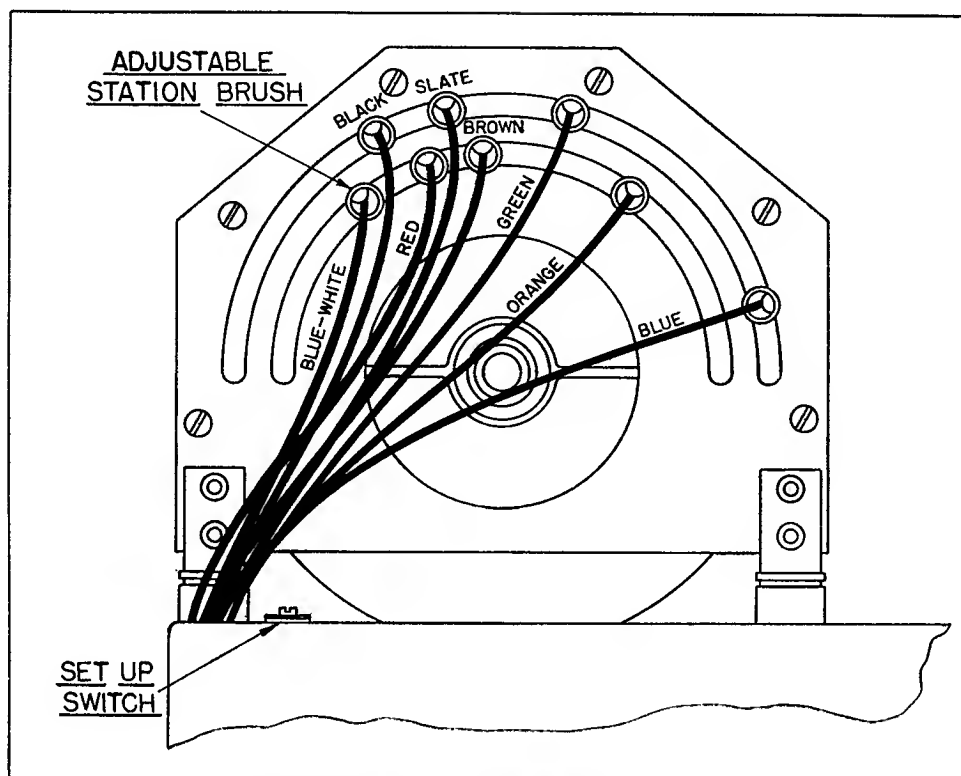
| Push Button No. | Purpose  | Color of wire on brush |   |
|-----------------|--|------------------------|---|
| 1               | Manual   | —                      | } See diagram of adjustable brushes and set-up switch on Page 10. |
| 2               | Remote   | —                      |   |
| 3               | Highest frequency station                      | Blue                   |   |
| 4               | Next lower frequency station                   | Orange                 |   |
| 5               | Next lower frequency station                   | Green                  |   |
| 6               | Next lower frequency station                   | Brown                  |   |
| 7               | Next lower frequency station                   | Slate                  |   |
| 8               | Next lower frequency station                   | Red                    |   |
| 9               | Lowest frequency station on receiver           | Black                  |   |
| 10              | Telev. button on receiver                      | Blue White             |   |
|                 | Lowest frequency button on remote control unit |                        |   |
| 11              | Phonograph                                     |                        |   |
| 12              | Off  |                        |   |

adjust it very carefully until the pilot light goes out. This indicates exact adjustment.

7. Repeat operations 4 and 5 for each station. Work from right to left or from the higher to the lower frequencies in accordance with the table below:

8. Turn the set-up switch back to the "Operate" position.

9. Check the operation of all the push buttons to be sure that each has been accurately set up. If it is necessary to readjust any of the buttons, follow the procedure given above.



Adjustable Station Brushes and Set Up Switch

## REPLACEMENT PARTS

### Capacitors

| Piece No. | Circuit Designation                  | Part                        |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 24402     | C-85, 87, 88, 90, 92, 106 . . .      | .1 mf. Capacitor            |
| 24405     | C-12, 63, 74, 75, 85, 86, 105 . .    | .04 mf. Capacitor           |
| 24994     | C-69, 76, 96 . .                     | .05 mf. Capacitor           |
| 25150     | C-84 . . . . .                       | .02 mf. Capacitor           |
| 25389     | C-77 . . . . .                       | .2 mf. Capacitor            |
| 25487     | C-55 . . . . .                       | .001 mf. Capacitor          |
| 26512     | C-72, 73 . . .                       | 2—100 mmf. Capacitor        |
| 27108     | C-28, 29, 34, 35, 40, 41 . . . .     | 2—.05 mf. Capacitor         |
| 27305     | C-23, 62, 91, 112                    | 50 mmf. Capacitor           |
| 27538     | C-19 . . . . .                       | .005 mf. Capacitor          |
| 28568     | C-52, 53, 115 .                      | 100 mmf. Capacitor          |
| 29269     | C-109 . . . . .                      | .003 mf. Capacitor          |
| 29286     | C-59 . . . . .                       | 300 mmf. Capacitor          |
| 29371     | C-22, 32, 33, 39, 46 . . . . .       | 2—500 mmf. Capacitor        |
| 31373     | C-83, 113 . . .                      | 400 mmf. Capacitor          |
| 29973     | C-80 . . . . .                       | .25 mf. Capacitor           |
| 30322     | C-24, 30, 36, 42, 46, 54, 66, 89, 91 | .005 mf. Capacitor          |
| 31330     | C-18 . . . . .                       | 470 mmf. Capacitor          |
| 27143     | C-13, 14, 15 . .                     | Aligning Capacitor (3 unit) |
| 30503     | C-16, 17 . . . .                     | Aligning Capacitor (2 unit) |
| 31374     | C-81 . . . . .                       | Aligning Capacitor (1 unit) |
| 32769     | C-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6                   | Variable Capacitor          |

| Piece No. | Circuit Designation | Part  |
|-----------|---------------------|---|
| 30539     | C-97, 98 . . . .    | Electrolytic Capacitor, 2—20 mfs., 110 V. (A. C.)                           |
| 31335     | C-99, 100, 101, 102 | Electrolytic Capacitor, 2—15 mfs., 200 V.; 1—20 mf., 25 V.; 1—40 mf., 25 V. |
| 31405     | C-78, 79, 93, 114   | Electrolytic Capacitor, 1—8 mf., 500 V.                                     |
| 31406     | C-108 . . . . .     | Electrolytic Capacitor, 1—16 mf., 300 V.                                    |
| 31480     | C-10, 11 . . . .    | 2—.01 mf. Capacitor   |
| 31481     | C-20, 27, 45 . .    | .01 mf. Capacitor   |
| 31495     | C-103, 107 . . .    | Electrolytic Capacitor, 1—16 mf., 300 V.; 1—8 mf., 450 V.                   |
| 32798     | C-7 . . . . .       | Aligning Capacitor (Ant.)   |
| 32799     | C-8 . . . . .       | Aligning Capacitor (R. F.)  |
| 32806     | C-56 . . . . .      | 10 mmf. Capacitor   |

### Coils, Transformers and Speakers

|       |                  |                              |
|-------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 30942 | L-25, 26 . . . . | Oscillator Coil (Broadcast)  |
| 31046 | L-23, 24 . . . . | Antenna Coil (Short Wave)    |
| 31187 | L-27, 28 . . . . | Oscillator Coil (Short Wave) |
| 32792 | L-1, 2 . . . . . | Antenna Coil (Freq. Mod.)    |
| 32793 | L-4 . . . . .    | R. F. Coil (Freq. Mod.)      |
| 32794 | L-5, 6 . . . . . | Oscillator Coil (Freq. Mod.) |

| Piece No. | Circuit Designation        | Part  |
|-----------|----------------------------|---|
| 31461     | L-19, 20, 21, 22           | R. F. and Antenna Coils (Broadcast)               |
| 31194     | L-29, 30, 31, 32, C-64, 65 | 1st I. F. Transformer (Amp. Mod.)                 |
| 31195     | L-33, 34                   | 2nd I. F. Transformer (Amp. Mod.)                 |
| 32787     | L-9, 10, 11, 12            | 2nd I. F. and 3rd I. F. Transformers (Freq. Mod.) |
| 32788     | L-13, 14                   | 4th I. F. Transformer (Freq. Mod.)                |
| 32789     | L-15, 16, 17, 18           | Discriminator I. F. Transformer (Freq. Mod.)      |
| 33149     | L-7, 8                     | 1st I. F. Transformer (Freq. Mod.)                |
| 30124     | L-46                       | Wave Trap   |
| 26704     | L-43                       | Filter Choke                                      |
| 31348     | L-47                       | Cut-Off Filter                                    |
| 31205     | L-35, 36, 37               | Output Transformer                                |
| 31181     | L-38, 39, 40, 41, 42       | Power Transformer 50/60 Cycles                    |
| 31087     |                            | Speaker (Bass)                                    |
| 31126     |                            | Speaker (Treble)                                  |
| 31127     |                            | Field Coil (Treble Speaker)                       |
| 31145     |                            | Field Coil (Bass Speaker)                         |
| 24780     |                            | Cone (Bass Speaker)                               |
| 31131     |                            | Cone (Treble Speaker)                             |
| 32060     | L-3                        | Choke Coil  |
| 32800     | L-52                       | Choke Coil  |

### Controls and Knobs

|       |      |                               |
|-------|------|-------------------------------|
| 27313 |      | Fidelity Switch               |
| 28824 |      | "Q" Switch                    |
| 29280 |      | Bass Switch                   |
| 30249 | R-47 | Volume Control                |
| 30327 |      | Set-up Switch                 |
| 31180 |      | Off Switch and P. B. Assembly |
| 31183 |      | Range Switch                  |
| 31184 |      | Audio Switch                  |
| 27800 |      | Plain Knob                    |
| 27801 |      | Knob with Arrow               |
| 27628 |      | Flat Washer for Knob          |

### Resistors

|       |  |                              |
|-------|--|------------------------------|
| 26309 | R-95   | 10 Ohm Resistor              |
| 26317 | R-60, 102                                    | 47 Ohm Resistor              |
| 26322 | R-98, 101                                    | 120 Ohm Resistor             |
| 26324 | R-2, 35                                      | 180 Ohm Resistor             |
| 26327 | R-10, 14                                     | 330 Ohm Resistor             |
| 26328 | R-19, 74, 75                                 | 390 Ohm Resistor             |
| 26329 | R-39   | 470 Ohm Resistor             |
| 26333 | R-1, 3, 4, 6, 12, 15, 16, 38, 81, 83, 84     | 1000 Ohm Resistor            |
| 26337 | R-8, 48, 50                                  | 2200 Ohm Resistor            |
| 26338 | R-46   | 2700 Ohm Resistor            |
| 26340 | R-11, 71                                     | 2900 Ohm Resistor            |
| 26343 | R-52   | 6800 Ohm Resistor            |
| 26345 | R-5, 18, 77, 94                              | 10,000 Ohm Resistor          |
| 26346 | R-67   | 12,000 Ohm Resistor          |
| 26349 | R-7, 34, 37, 96                              | 22,000 Ohm Resistor          |
| 26350 | R-42   | 27,000 Ohm Resistor          |
| 26353 | R-13, 31, 36, 100                            | 47,000 Ohm Resistor          |
| 26355 | R-25, 31                                     | 68,000 Ohm Resistor          |
| 26356 | R-79   | 82,000 Ohm Resistor          |
| 26357 | R-17, 21, 22, 28, 29, 33, 34, 64, 80, 85, 86 | .1 Megohm Resistor           |
| 26362 | R-41, 54, 62, 63, 69, 92, 93                 | .27 Megohm Resistor          |
| 26365 | R-76   | .47 Megohm Resistor          |
| 26367 | R-55   | .68 Megohm Resistor          |
| 26369 | R-43, 45                                     | 1 Megohm Resistor            |
| 26373 | R-40   | 2.2 Megohm Resistor          |
| 26375 | R-23, 24                                     | 3.3 Megohm Resistor          |
| 26381 | R-53, 61                                     | 10 Megohm Resistor           |
| 27125 | R-72, 73                                     | 25,000 Ohm Resistor, 1 Watt  |
| 28956 | R-68   | 200 Ohm Resistor, I. R.C.    |
| 29090 | R-59, 65                                     | 47 Megohm Resistor           |
| 31138 | R-20   | 33,000 Ohm Resistor          |
| 31215 | R-66   | 470 Ohm Resistor             |
| 31378 | R-56, 57, 58                                 | "B" Voltage Divider          |
| 31523 | R-99   | 100,000 Ohm Resistor, 1 Watt |

### Miscellaneous

| Piece No. | Circuit Designation | Part                                   |
|-----------|---------------------|--|
| SD-67     |                     | Dial Drive Cord                        |
| SD-75     |                     | Screw for Mounting P. B. Escutcheon    |
| 690       |                     | Speed Nut for Brush Holder             |
| 16220     |                     | Screw for Mounting Brush Terminal      |
| 25156     |                     | 3 Amp. Fuse                            |
| 26287     |                     | Pilot Lamp                             |
| 26678     |                     | 3-Prong Socket                         |
| 27958     |                     | Fuse Holder                            |
| 28652     |                     | Power Supply Cord                      |
| 29162     |                     | Spring for Brushes                     |
| 29166     |                     | "C" Washer for Mtg. Brush Holders      |
| 29235     |                     | Pulley for Volume Control Drive        |
| 29627     |                     | Spring for Volume Control Drive Cord   |
| 29628     |                     | Spring for Dial Drive Cord             |
| 29786     |                     | Pilot Lamp Socket                      |
| 30151     |                     | 8-Prong Socket                         |
| 30152     |                     | 7-Prong Socket                         |
| 30153     |                     | 4-Prong Socket                         |
| 30169     |                     | Station Call Letters                   |
| 30172     |                     | Dial Escutcheon                        |
| 30176     |                     | P. B. Escutcheon                       |
| 30224     |                     | Phono Plug                             |
| 30225     |                     | Guard for Phono Jack                   |
| 30226     |                     | Phono Jack                             |
| 30265     |                     | Pulley for Tuning Unit                 |
| 30269     |                     | Rubber Corner Mounting for Dial Glass  |
| 30275     |                     | Cord for Dial Pointer                  |
| 30276     |                     | Dial Pointer                           |
| 30286     |                     | Commutator Assembly                    |
| 30292     | R-C1                | Compensator                            |
| 30295     |                     | Brush Holder                           |
| 30296     |                     | Shouldered Washer for Brush Holder     |
| 30297     |                     | Brush (Outside Slot)                   |
| 30298     |                     | Terminal Used on Brush (.20 per doz.)  |
| 30341     |                     | Screw for Mounting Dial Escutcheon     |
| 30385     |                     | Brush (Inside Slot)                    |
| 31146     |                     | Motor for Tuning Unit, 50/60 Cycles    |
| 31185     |                     | Shield Assembly for Freq. Mod. Coils   |
| 31209     |                     | Motor for Volume Control, 50/60 Cycles |
| 31211     |                     | Arm Assembly                           |
| 31216     |                     | Tuning Indicator Cable                 |
| 31219     |                     | Speaker Dividing Network               |
| 30223     |                     | 11-Prong Socket                        |
| 31326     |                     | Cable—Push Button Unit to Plug         |
| 31331     |                     | Antenna and Ground Terminal Strip      |
| 32738     |                     | Dial Scale                             |
| 31377     | RC-2                | Compensator                            |
| 31418     |                     | Drive Shaft for Volume Control Motor   |
| 31424     |                     | Remote Control Unit                    |

### Tools and Accessories

|       |  |                            |
|-------|--|----------------------------|
| 24608 |  | Aligning Tool              |
| 28601 |  | Cabinet Polish             |
| 26962 |  | Furniture Touch-Up Kit     |
| 28303 |  | Headphone Package Assembly |